

N(N)LO 3-jet predictions

Rene Poncelet

Czakon, Mitov, Poncelet
+Alvarez, Cantero, Llorente

Based on (NNLO three jet) 2106.05331, 2301.01086,
(ATLAS) 2301.09351

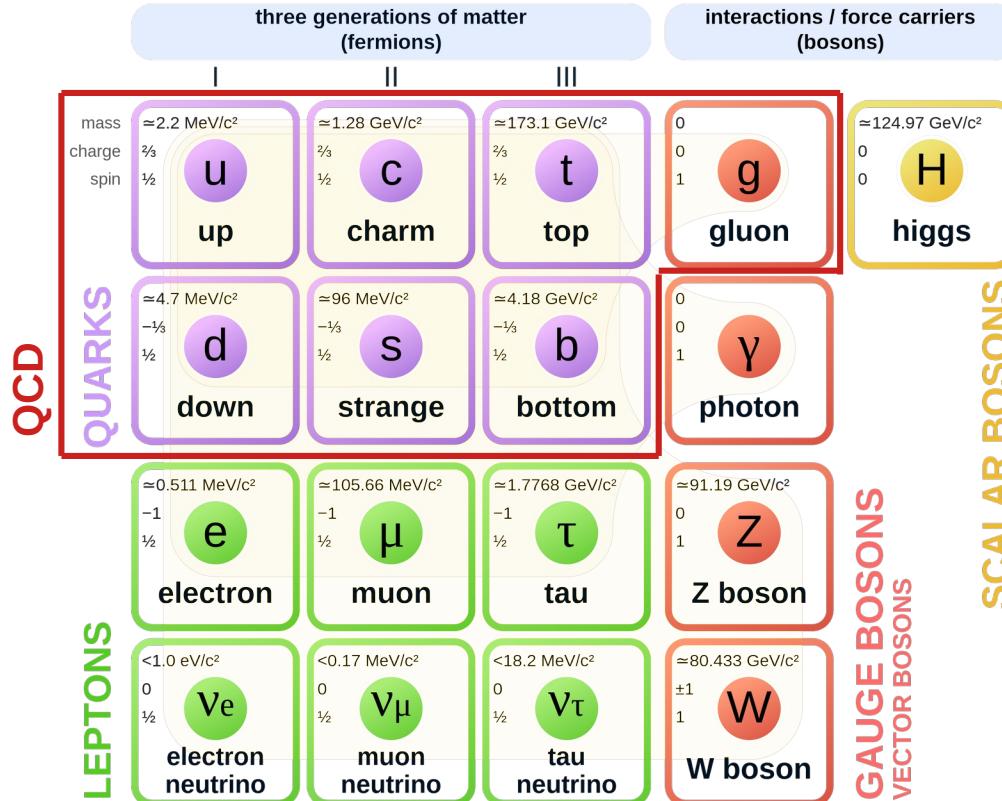
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Precision era of the LHC

Standard Model of Elementary Particles



- Collider data constrains the various interactions in the Standard Model.
- At the LHC **QCD is part of any process!**
 - 1) The limiting factor in many analyses is QCD and associated uncertainties.
→ **Radiative corrections indispensable**
 - 2) How well we do know QCD? Coupling constant, running, PDFs, ...
- The production of high energy jets allow to **probe pQCD at high energies** directly

$$\mathcal{L}_{\text{QCD}} = \bar{q}_i (\gamma^\mu \mathcal{D}_\mu - m_i) q_i - \frac{1}{4} F_a^{\mu\nu} F_{\mu\nu}^a$$

- 1) Testing the predicted dynamics
- 2) Extract the coupling constant

Multi-jet observables

NLO theory unc. > experimental unc.

- NNLO QCD needed for precise theory-data comparisons
→ Restricted to two-jet data
[Currie'17+later][Czakon'19]
- New NNLO QCD three-jet → access to more observables
 - Jet ratios

Next-to-Next-to-Leading Order Study of Three-Jet Production at the LHC
Czakon, Mitov, Poncelet [2106.05331]

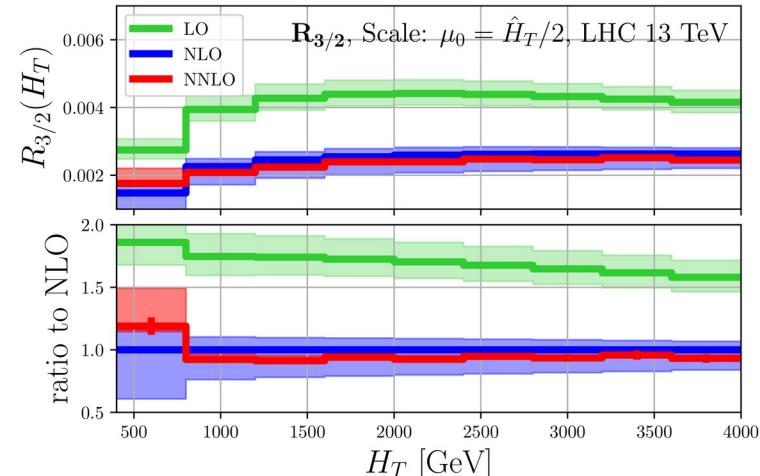
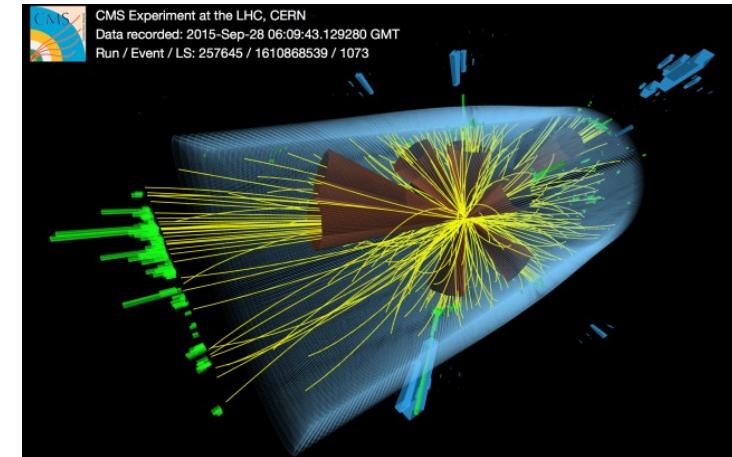
$$R^i(\mu_R, \mu_F, \text{PDF}, \alpha_{S,0}) = \frac{d\sigma_3^i(\mu_R, \mu_F, \text{PDF}, \alpha_{S,0})}{d\sigma_2^i(\mu_R, \mu_F, \text{PDF}, \alpha_{S,0})}$$

Gluons only: [NNLOJet 2203.13531]

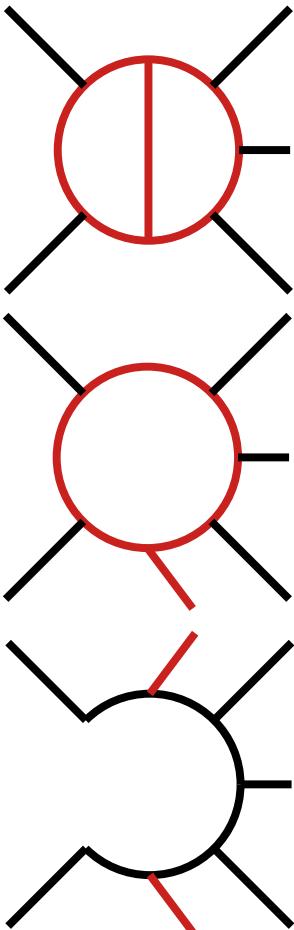
- Event shapes

NNLO QCD corrections to event shapes at the LHC

Alvarez, Cantero, Czakon, Llorente, Mitov, Poncelet 2301.01086



NNLO QCD prediction beyond $2 \rightarrow 2$



Two-loop amplitudes

- (Non-) planar 5 point massless [Chawdry'19'20'21,Abreu'20'21'23,Agarwal'21,Badger'21'23]
→ triggered by efficient MI representation [Chicherin'20]
- 5 point with one external mass [Abreu'20,Syrrakos'20,Canko'20,Badger'21'22,Chicherin'22]
- For three-jets → LC [Abreu'20'21] (checked against NJET [Badger'12'21])

One-loop amplitudes → OpenLoops [Buccioni'19]

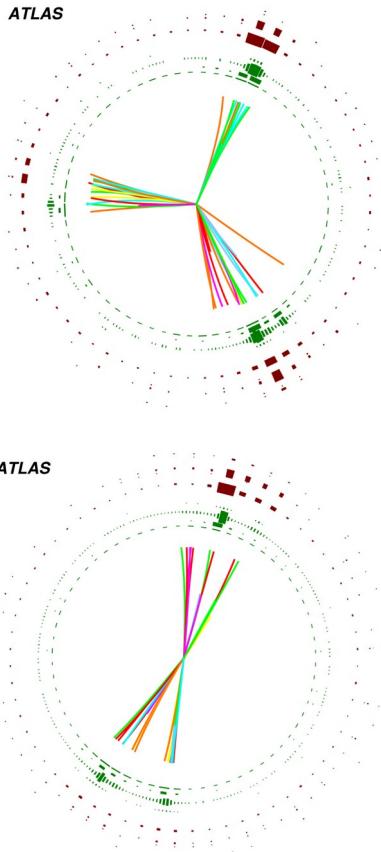
- Many legs and IR stable (soft and collinear limits)

Double-real Born amplitudes → AvHlib[Bury'15]

- IR finite cross-sections → NNLO subtraction schemes
qT-slicing [Catani'07], N-jettiness slicing [Gaunt'15/Boughezal'15], Antenna [Gehrmann'05-'08],
Colorful [DelDuca'05-'15], Projection [Cacciari'15], Geometric [Herzog'18],
Unsubtraction [Aguilera-Verdugo'19], Nested collinear [Caola'17],
Local Analytic [Magnea'18], **Sector-improved residue subtraction** [Czakon'10-'14,'19]

STRIPPER

Encoding QCD dynamics in event shapes



Using (global) event information to separate different regimes of QCD event evolution:

- **Thrust & Thrust-Minor**

$$T_{\perp} = \frac{\sum_i |\vec{p}_{T,i} \cdot \hat{n}_{\perp}|}{\sum_i |\vec{p}_{T,i}|}, \quad \text{and} \quad T_m = \frac{\sum_i |\vec{p}_{T,i} \times \hat{n}_{\perp}|}{\sum_i |\vec{p}_{T,i}|}.$$

- **Energy-energy correlators**

$$\frac{1}{\sigma_2} \frac{d\sigma}{d \cos \Delta\phi} = \frac{1}{\sigma_2} \sum_{ij} \int \frac{d\sigma}{dx_{\perp,i} dx_{\perp,j} d \cos \Delta\phi_{ij}} \delta(\cos \Delta\phi - \cos \Delta\phi_{ij}) dx_{\perp,i} dx_{\perp,j} d \cos \Delta\phi_{ij},$$

- → more computed

Separation of energy scales: $H_{T,2} = p_{T,1} + p_{T,2}$

Ratio to 2-jet:

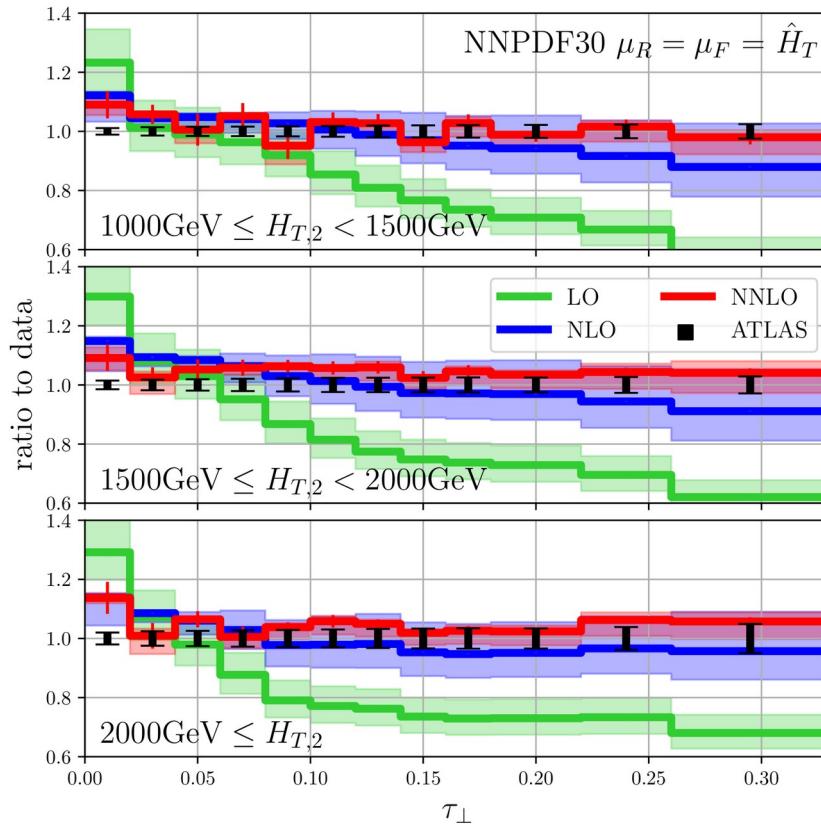
$$R^i(\mu_R, \mu_F, \text{PDF}, \alpha_{S,0}) = \frac{d\sigma_3^i(\mu_R, \mu_F, \text{PDF}, \alpha_{S,0})}{d\sigma_2^i(\mu_R, \mu_F, \text{PDF}, \alpha_{S,0})}$$

Here: **use jets as input** → experimentally advantageous
(better calibrated, smaller non-pert.)

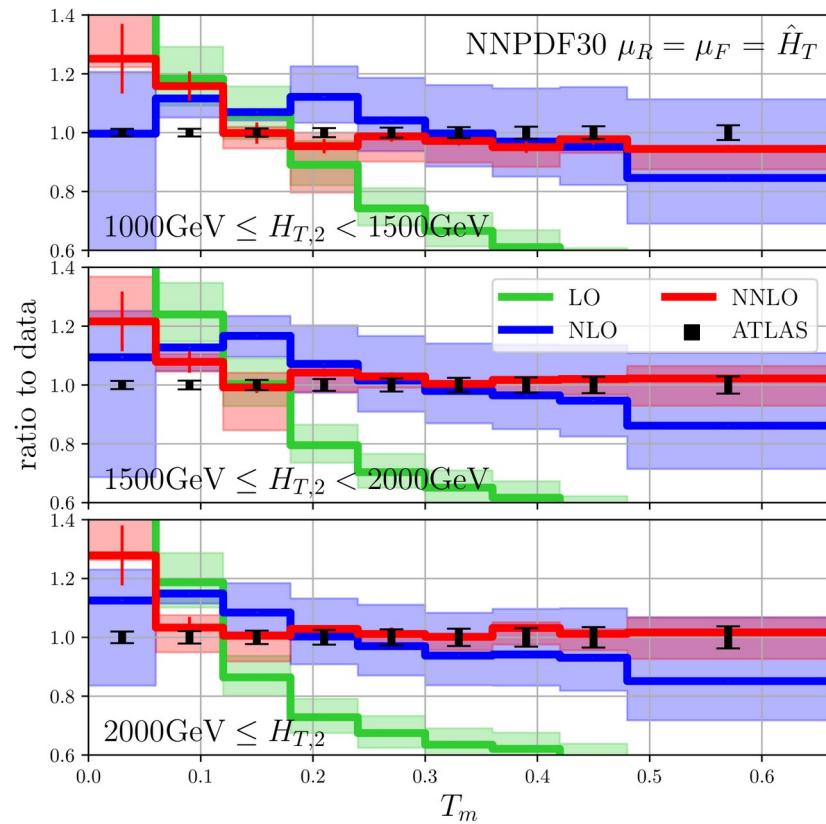
Transverse Thrust @ NNLO QCD

NNLO QCD corrections to event shapes at the LHC

Alvarez, Cantero, Czakon, Llorente, Mitov, Poncelet 2301.01086



ATLAS [2007.12600]



The transverse energy-energy correlator

$$\frac{1}{\sigma_2} \frac{d\sigma}{d \cos \Delta\phi} = \frac{1}{\sigma_2} \sum_{ij} \int \frac{d\sigma x_{\perp,i} x_{\perp,j}}{dx_{\perp,i} dx_{\perp,j} d \cos \Delta\phi_{ij}} \delta(\cos \Delta\phi - \cos \Delta\phi_{ij}) dx_{\perp,i} dx_{\perp,j} d \cos \Delta\phi_{ij},$$

- Insensitive to soft radiation through energy weighting $x_{T,i} = E_{T,i} / \sum_j E_{T,j}$
- Event topology separation:
 - Central plateau contain isotropic events
 - To the right: self-correlations, collinear and in-plane splitting
 - To the left: back-to-back

ATLAS

Particle-level TEEC

$\sqrt{s} = 13 \text{ TeV}; 139 \text{ fb}^{-1}$

anti- k_t R = 0.4

$p_T > 60 \text{ GeV}$

$|\eta| < 2.4$

$\mu_{R,F} = \hat{\mu}_T$

$\alpha_s(m_Z) = 0.1180$

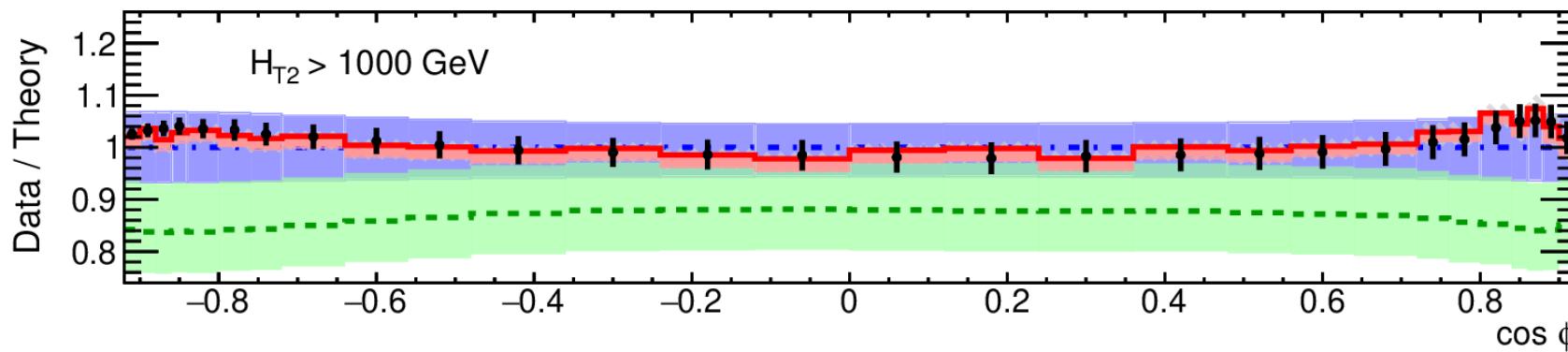
NNPDF 3.0 (NNLO)

— Data

— LO

— NLO

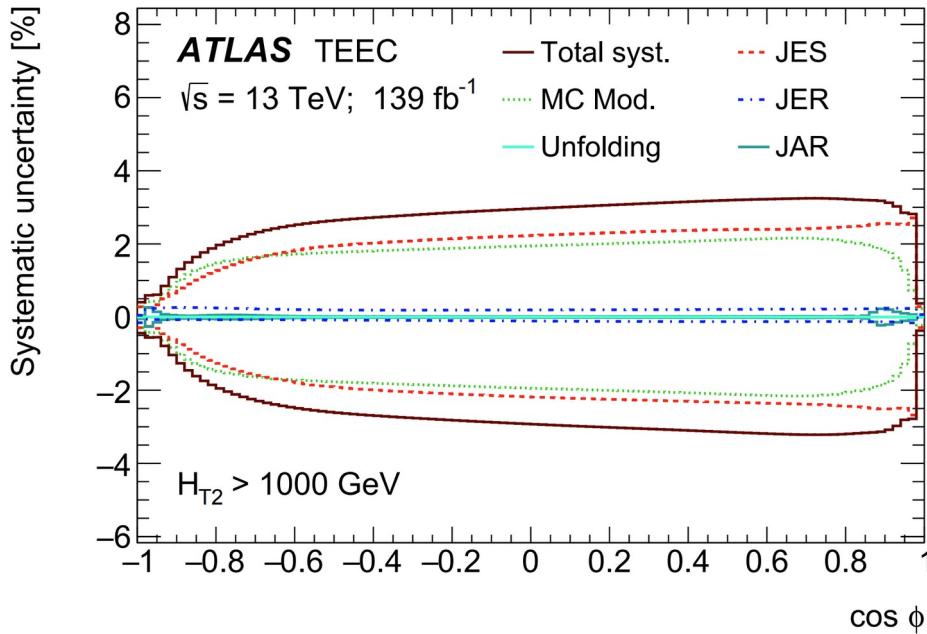
— NNLO



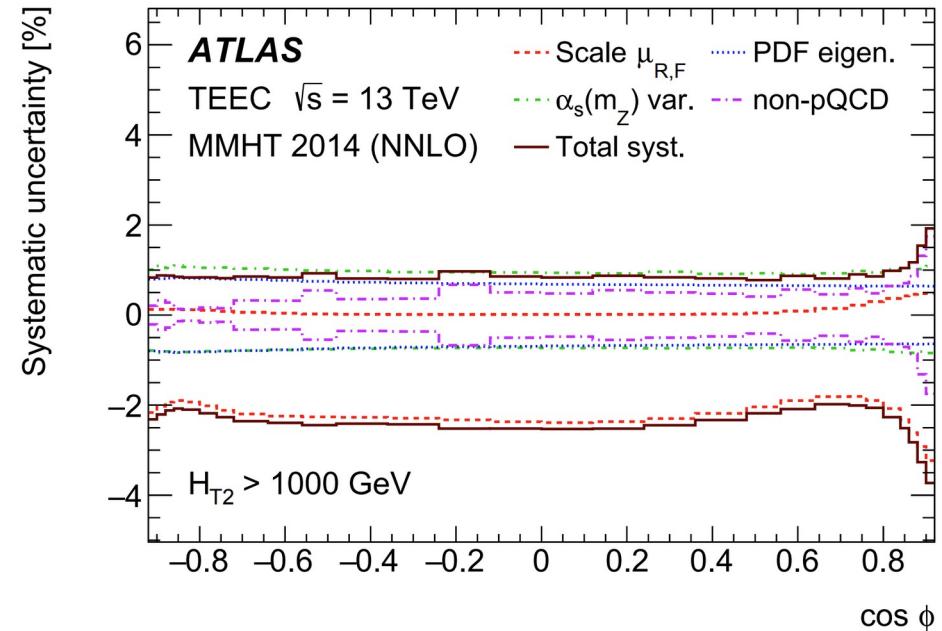
[ATLAS 2301.09351]

Systematic Uncertainties TEEC

Experimental uncertainties

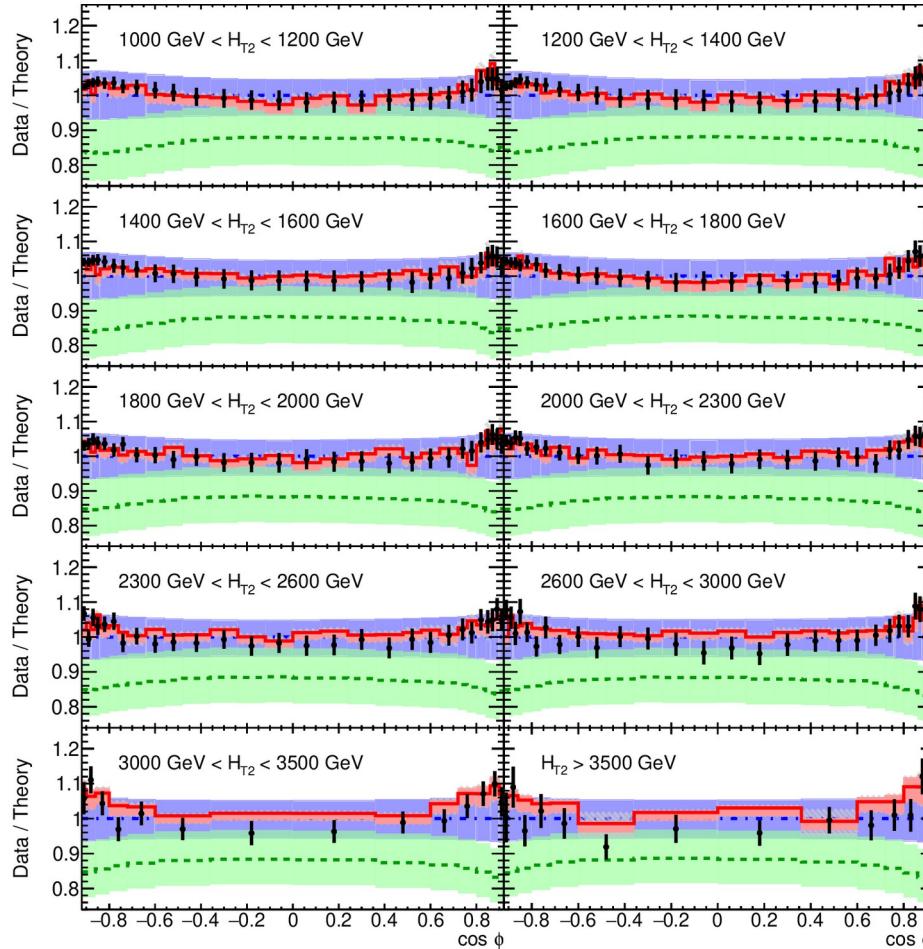


Theory uncertainties



Scale dependence is the dominating uncertainty → NNLO QCD required to match exp.

Double differential TEEC



[ATLAS 2301.09351]

ATLAS

Particle-level TEEC

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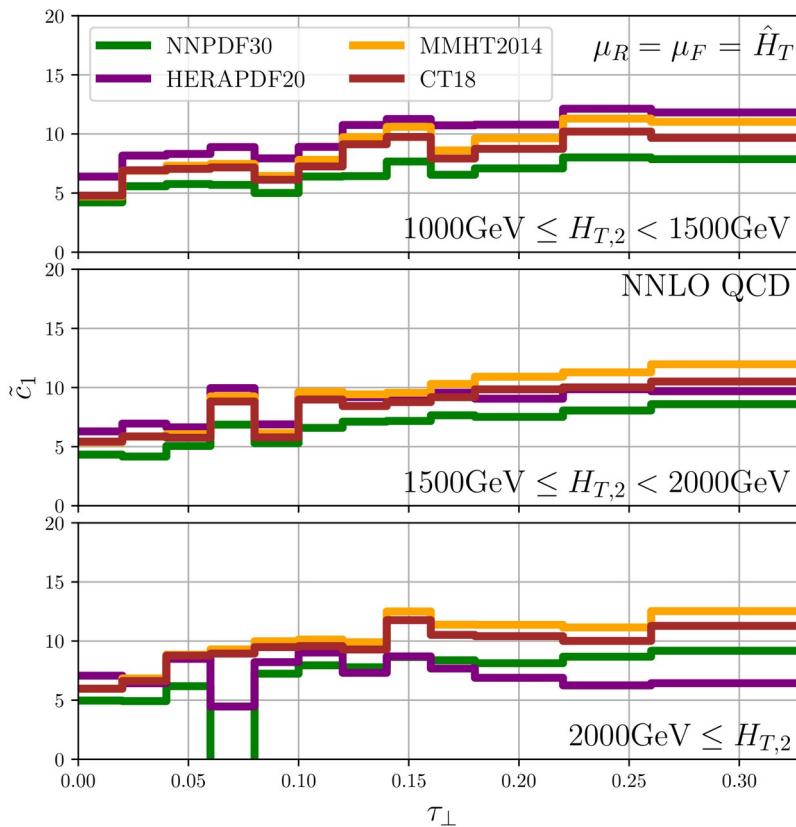
$$\alpha_s(m_Z) = 0.1180$$

NNPDF 3.0 (NNLO)

- Data
- LO
- NLO
- NNLO

Strong coupling dependence

Thrust



TEEC



$$R^{\text{NNLO,fit}}(\mu, \alpha_S,0) = c_0 + c_1(\alpha_S,0 - 0.118) + c_2(\alpha_S,0 - 0.118)^2 + c_3(\alpha_S,0 - 0.118)^3$$

mostly linear dependence

Visualisation of α_S dependence

$$\tilde{c}_1 = \frac{c_1}{R^{\text{NNLO}}(\alpha_S,0 = 0.118)}$$

For comparison:

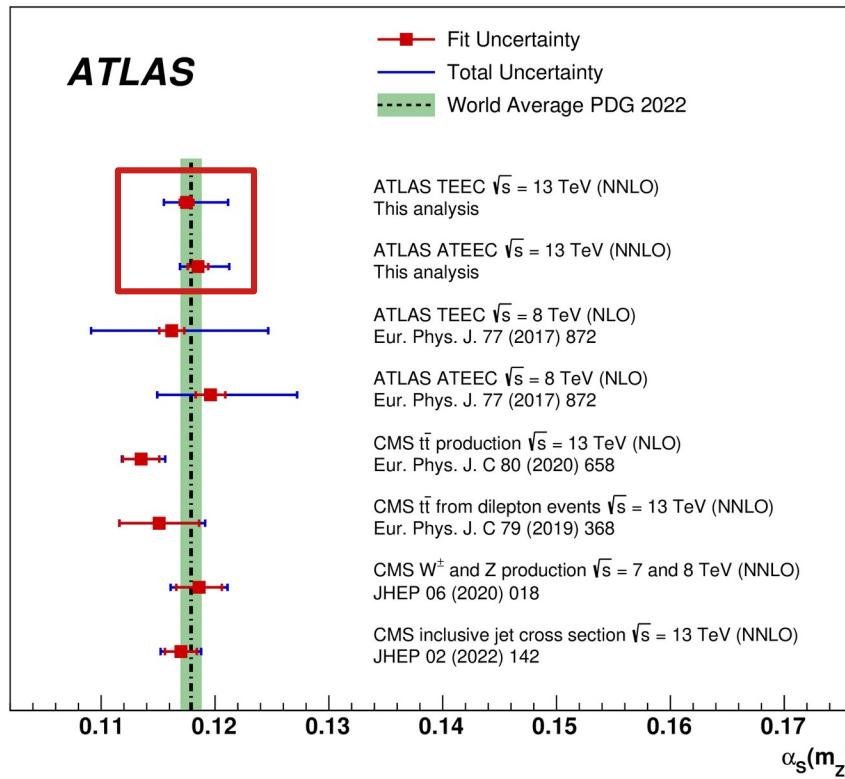
scale dependence (dominant theory uncertainty)

- TEEC ($H_{T,2} > 1 \text{ TeV}$) : $\sim 2\%$
- Thrust : $\sim 3\text{-}5\%$

$O(1\%)$
sensitivity

α_S from TEEC @ NNLO by ATLAS

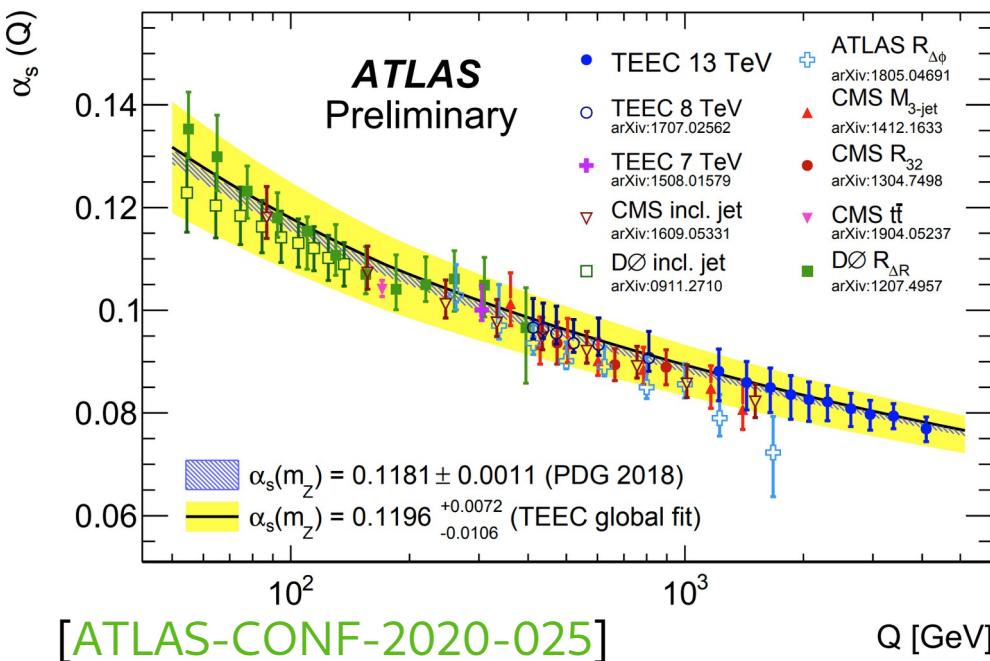
[ATLAS 2301.09351]



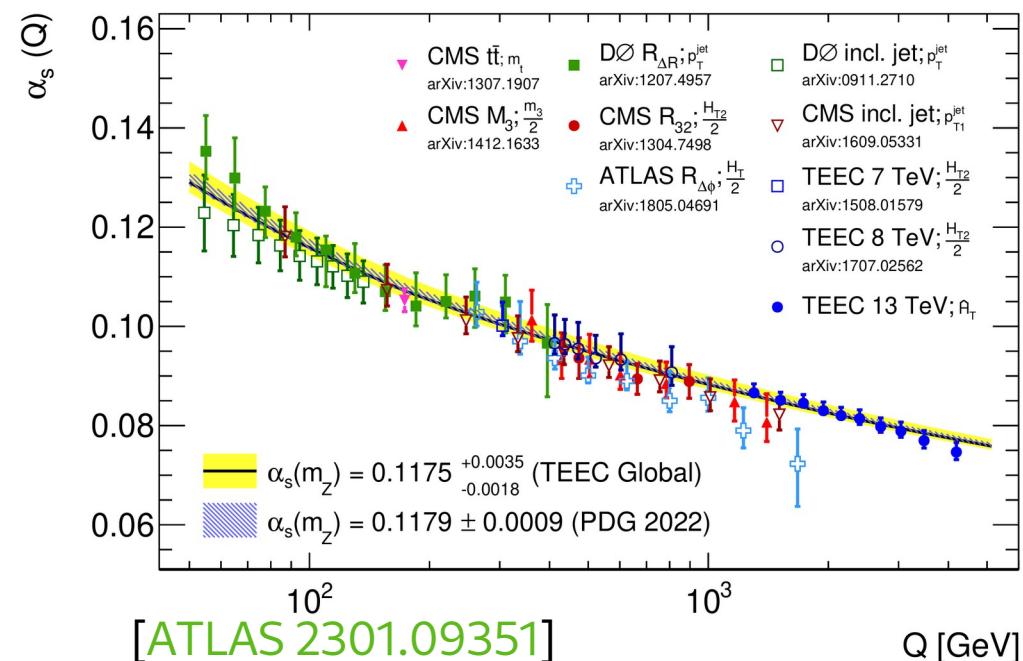
- NNLO QCD extraction from multi-jets → will contribute to **PDG for the first time**
- **Significant improvement** to 8 TeV → driven by **NNLO QCD corrections**
- Individual precision large but comparable to top or jets-data.
- However: extraction at high energy scales

Running of α_s

NLO QCD



NNLO QCD

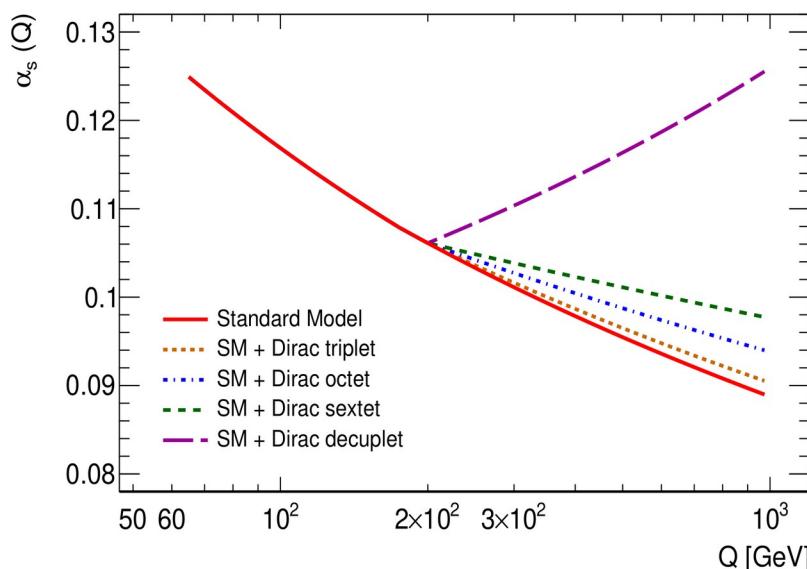


Using the running of α_s to probe NP

[Llorente, Nachman 1807.00894]

Indirect constraints to NP through modified running:

$$\alpha_s(Q) = \frac{1}{\beta_0 \log z} \left[1 - \frac{\beta_1}{\beta_0^2} \frac{\log(\log z)}{\log z} \right]; \quad z = \frac{Q^2}{\Lambda_{\text{QCD}}^2}$$

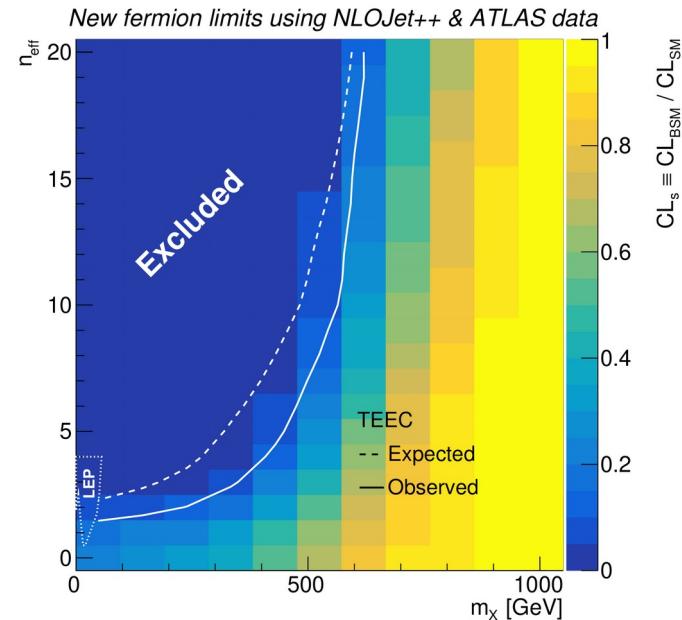


ATLAS
TEEC @ 7 TeV
data



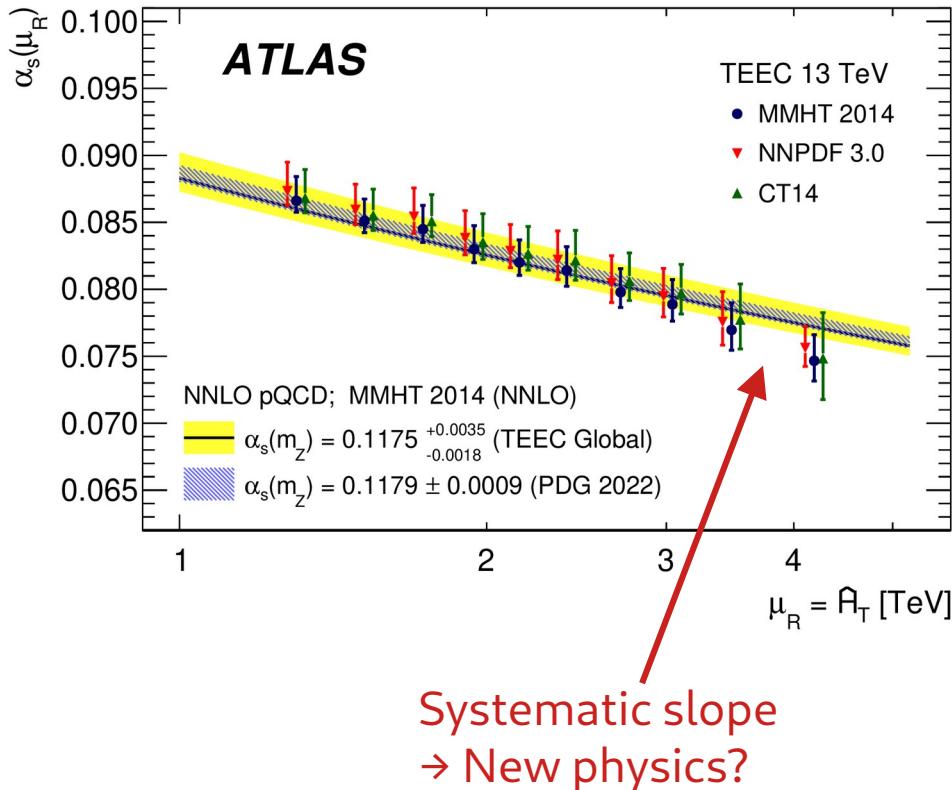
$$\beta_0 = \frac{1}{4\pi} \left(11 - \frac{2}{3}n_f - \frac{4}{3}n_X T_X \right)$$

$$\beta_1 = \frac{1}{(4\pi)^2} \left[102 - \frac{38}{3}n_f - 20n_X T_X \left(1 + \frac{C_X}{5} \right) \right]$$



Update with TEEC@13 TeV
→ much improved bounds

... or 'new' SM dynamics



Possible SM explanations

- Residual PDF effects \rightarrow very high Q^2 ?
- EW corrections?
[Reyer, Schoenherr, Schumann 1902.01763]
- Maybe effect from LC approximation in two-loop ME?

$$\begin{aligned}\mathcal{R}^{(2)}(\mu_R^2) &= 2 \operatorname{Re} \left[\mathcal{M}^{\dagger(0)} \mathcal{F}^{(2)} \right] (\mu_R^2) + |\mathcal{F}^{(1)}|^2 (\mu_R^2) \\ &\equiv \mathcal{R}^{(2)}(s_{12}) + \sum_{i=1}^4 c_i \ln^i \left(\frac{\mu_R^2}{s_{12}} \right) \\ \mathcal{R}^{(2)}(s_{12}) &\approx \mathcal{R}^{(2)l.c.}(s_{12})\end{aligned}$$

- Experimental systematics?
- Resummation?

Either case interesting!

Summary & Outlook

Summary

- Three jet NNLO QCD predictions allow for precision phenomenology with multi-jet final states
- First predictions for R32 ratios and event shapes
- Extraction of the strong coupling constant from event shapes by ATLAS → will contribute to PDG ave.
- Relatively costly enterprise → effective NNLO QCD tools needed

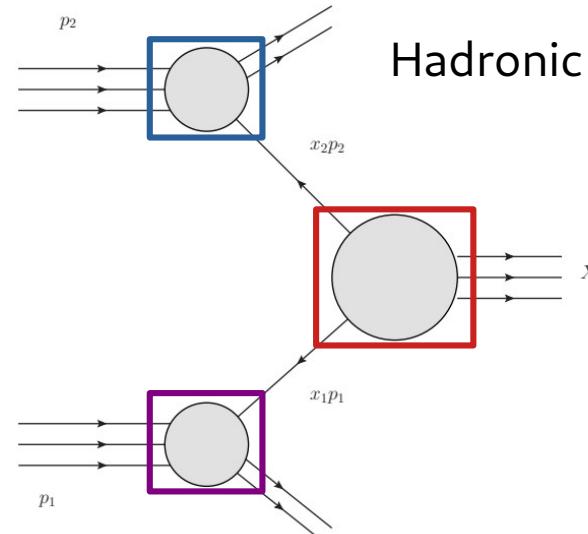


Outlook

- Still improvements to be made on subtractions schemes:
 - Better MC integration techniques → ML community has developed a plethora of tools
 - Technical aspects like form of selector function and phase space mappings
- "3 factors of 2 are also a order of magnitude" → difference between "doable" and "not doable"!

Backup

Hadronic cross section



$$\text{Hadronic X-section: } \sigma_{h_1 h_2 \rightarrow X} = \sum_{ij} \int_0^1 \int_0^1 dx_1 dx_2 \phi_{i,h_1}(x_1, \mu_F^2) \phi_{j/h_2}(x_2, \mu_F^2) \hat{\sigma}_{ij \rightarrow X}(\alpha_s(\mu_R^2), \mu_R^2, \mu_F^2)$$

Parton distribution functions

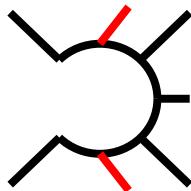
Perturbative expansion of partonic cross section:

$$\hat{\sigma}_{ab \rightarrow X} = \hat{\sigma}_{ab \rightarrow X}^{(0)} + \hat{\sigma}_{ab \rightarrow X}^{(1)} + \hat{\sigma}_{ab \rightarrow X}^{(2)} + \mathcal{O}(\alpha_s^3)$$

The NNLO bit: $\hat{\sigma}_{ab}^{(2)} = \hat{\sigma}_{ab}^{\text{RR}} + \hat{\sigma}_{ab}^{\text{RV}} + \hat{\sigma}_{ab}^{\text{VV}} + \hat{\sigma}_{ab}^{\text{C2}} + \hat{\sigma}_{ab}^{\text{C1}}$

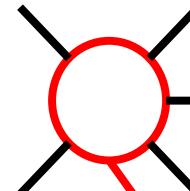
Double real radiation

$$\hat{\sigma}_{ab}^{\text{RR}} = \frac{1}{2\hat{s}} \int d\Phi_{n+2} \left\langle \mathcal{M}_{n+2}^{(0)} \middle| \mathcal{M}_{n+2}^{(0)} \right\rangle F_{n+2}$$



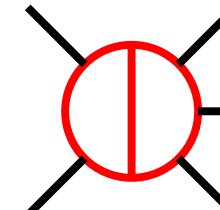
Real/Virtual correction

$$\hat{\sigma}_{ab}^{\text{RV}} = \frac{1}{2\hat{s}} \int d\Phi_{n+1} 2\text{Re} \left\langle \mathcal{M}_{n+1}^{(0)} \middle| \mathcal{M}_{n+1}^{(1)} \right\rangle F_{n+1}$$



Double virtual corrections

$$\hat{\sigma}_{ab}^{\text{VV}} = \frac{1}{2\hat{s}} \int d\Phi_n \left(2\text{Re} \left\langle \mathcal{M}_n^{(0)} \middle| \mathcal{M}_n^{(2)} \right\rangle + \left\langle \mathcal{M}_n^{(1)} \middle| \mathcal{M}_n^{(1)} \right\rangle \right) F_n$$



Partonic cross section beyond LO

Perturbative expansion of partonic cross section:

$$\hat{\sigma}_{ab \rightarrow X} = \hat{\sigma}_{ab \rightarrow X}^{(0)} + \hat{\sigma}_{ab \rightarrow X}^{(1)} + \hat{\sigma}_{ab \rightarrow X}^{(2)} + \mathcal{O}(\alpha_s^3)$$

Contributions with different multiplicities and # convolutions:

$$\hat{\sigma}_{ab}^{(2)} = \hat{\sigma}_{ab}^{\text{RR}} + \hat{\sigma}_{ab}^{\text{RV}} + \hat{\sigma}_{ab}^{\text{VV}} + \hat{\sigma}_{ab}^{\text{C2}} + \hat{\sigma}_{ab}^{\text{C1}}$$



$$\hat{\sigma}_{ab}^{\text{RR}} = \frac{1}{2\hat{s}} \int d\Phi_{n+2} \left\langle \mathcal{M}_{n+2}^{(0)} \middle| \mathcal{M}_{n+2}^{(0)} \right\rangle F_{n+2}$$

$$\hat{\sigma}_{ab}^{\text{RV}} = \frac{1}{2\hat{s}} \int d\Phi_{n+1} 2\text{Re} \left\langle \mathcal{M}_{n+1}^{(0)} \middle| \mathcal{M}_{n+1}^{(1)} \right\rangle F_{n+1}$$

Each term separately IR divergent. But sum is:

→ finite

→ regularization scheme independent

Considering CDR ($d = 4 - 2\epsilon$):

→ Laurent expansion:

$$\hat{\sigma}_{ab}^C = \sum_{i=-4}^0 c_i \epsilon^i + \mathcal{O}(\epsilon)$$

$$\hat{\sigma}_{ab}^{\text{VV}} = \frac{1}{2\hat{s}} \int d\Phi_n \left(2\text{Re} \left\langle \mathcal{M}_n^{(0)} \middle| \mathcal{M}_n^{(2)} \right\rangle + \left\langle \mathcal{M}_n^{(1)} \middle| \mathcal{M}_n^{(1)} \right\rangle \right) F_n$$

$\hat{\sigma}_{ab}^{\text{C1}}$ = (single convolution) F_{n+1}

$\hat{\sigma}_{ab}^{\text{C2}}$ = (double convolution) F_n

Sector decomposition I

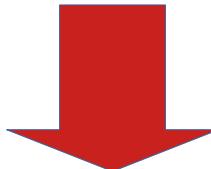
Considering working in CDR:

→ Virtuals are usually done in this regularization

→ Real radiation:

→ Very difficult integrals, analytical impractical (except very simple cases)!

→ Numerics not possible, integrals are divergent: ε -poles!



How to extract these poles? → Sector decomposition!

Divide and conquer the phase space:

$$1 = \sum_{i,j} \left[\sum_k \mathcal{S}_{ij,k} + \sum_{k,l} \mathcal{S}_{i,k;j,l} \right] \quad \longrightarrow \quad \hat{\sigma}_{ab}^{\text{RR}} = \frac{1}{2\hat{s}} \int d\Phi_{n+2} \sum_{i,j} \left[\sum_k \mathcal{S}_{ij,k} + \sum_{k,l} \mathcal{S}_{i,k;j,l} \right] \langle \mathcal{M}_{n+2}^{(0)} | \mathcal{M}_{n+2}^{(0)} \rangle F_{n+2}$$

Sector decomposition II

Divide and conquer the phase space:

→ Each $\mathcal{S}_{ij,k}/\mathcal{S}_{i,k;j,l}$ has simpler divergences.

appearing as $1/s_{ijk} \quad 1/s_{ik}/s_{jl}$

Soft and collinear (w.r.t parton k,l) of partons i and j

→ Parametrization w.r.t. reference parton:

$$\hat{\eta}_i = \frac{1}{2}(1 - \cos \theta_{ir}) \in [0, 1] \quad \hat{\xi}_i = \frac{u_i^0}{u_{\max}^0} \in [0, 1]$$

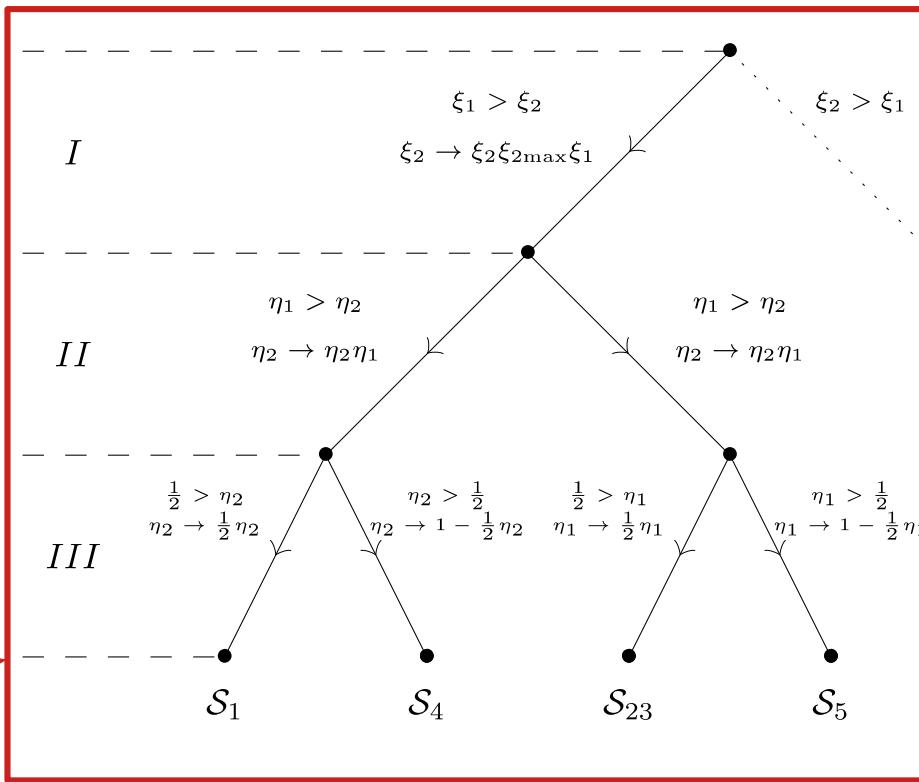
→ Subdivide to factorize divergences

$$s_{u_1 u_2 k} = (p_k + u_1 + u_2)^2 \sim \hat{\eta}_1 u_1^0 + \hat{\eta}_2 u_2^0 + \hat{\eta}_3 u_1^0 u_2^0$$

→ double soft factorization:

$$\theta(u_1^0 - u_2^0) + \theta(u_2^0 - u_1^0)$$

→ triple collinear factorization



[Czakon'10,Caola'17]

Sector decomposition III

Factorized singular limits in each sector:

$$\frac{1}{2\hat{s}} \int d\Phi_{n+2} \mathcal{S}_{kl,m} \left\langle \mathcal{M}_{n+2}^{(0)} \middle| \mathcal{M}_{n+2}^{(0)} \right\rangle F_{n+2} = \sum_{\text{sub-sec.}} \int d\Phi_n \prod dx_i \underbrace{x_i^{-1-b_i\epsilon}}_{\text{singular}} d\tilde{\mu}(\{x_i\}) \underbrace{\prod x_i^{a_i+1} \left\langle \mathcal{M}_{n+2} | \mathcal{M}_{n+2} \right\rangle F_{n+2}}_{\text{regular}}$$

Regularization of divergences:

$$x^{-1-b\epsilon} = \underbrace{\frac{-1}{b\epsilon}}_{\text{pole term}} + \underbrace{[x^{-1-b\epsilon}]_+}_{\text{reg. + sub.}}$$

$$\int_0^1 dx [x^{-1-b\epsilon}]_+ f(x) = \int_0^1 \frac{f(x) - f(0)}{x^{1+b\epsilon}}$$

Finite NNLO cross section

$$\hat{\sigma}_{ab}^{RR} = \frac{1}{2\hat{s}} \int d\Phi_{n+2} \left\langle \mathcal{M}_{n+2}^{(0)} \middle| \mathcal{M}_{n+2}^{(0)} \right\rangle F_{n+2}$$

$\hat{\sigma}_{ab}^{C1} = (\text{single convolution}) F_{n+1}$

$$\hat{\sigma}_{ab}^{RV} = \frac{1}{2\hat{s}} \int d\Phi_{n+1} 2\text{Re} \left\langle \mathcal{M}_{n+1}^{(0)} \middle| \mathcal{M}_{n+1}^{(1)} \right\rangle F_{n+1}$$

$\hat{\sigma}_{ab}^{C2} = (\text{double convolution}) F_n$

$$\hat{\sigma}_{ab}^{VV} = \frac{1}{2\hat{s}} \int d\Phi_n \left(2\text{Re} \left\langle \mathcal{M}_n^{(0)} \middle| \mathcal{M}_n^{(2)} \right\rangle + \left\langle \mathcal{M}_n^{(1)} \middle| \mathcal{M}_n^{(1)} \right\rangle \right) F_n$$



sector decomposition and master formula

$$x^{-1-b\epsilon} = \underbrace{\frac{-1}{b\epsilon}}_{\text{pole term}} + \underbrace{[x^{-1-b\epsilon}]_+}_{\text{reg. + sub.}}$$

$$(\sigma_F^{RR}, \sigma_{SU}^{RR}, \sigma_{DU}^{RR}) \quad (\sigma_F^{RV}, \sigma_{SU}^{RV}, \sigma_{DU}^{RV}) \quad (\sigma_F^{VV}, \sigma_{DU}^{VV}, \sigma_{FR}^{VV}) \quad (\sigma_{SU}^{C1}, \sigma_{DU}^{C1}) \quad (\sigma_{DU}^{C2}, \sigma_{FR}^{C2})$$

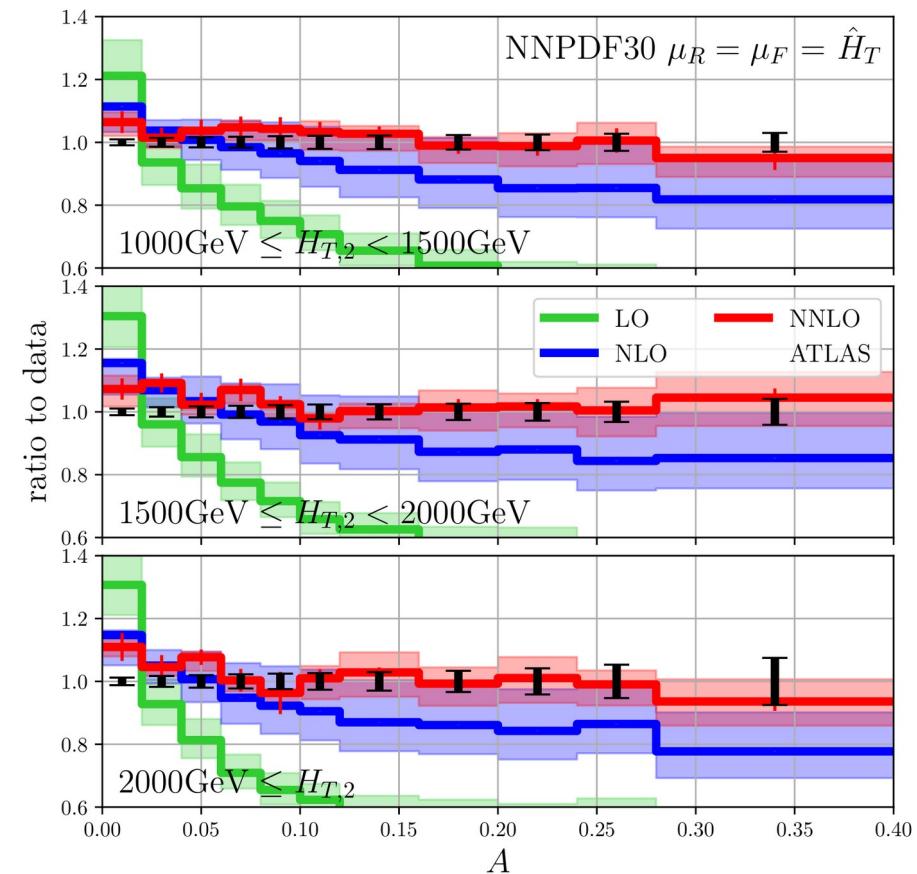
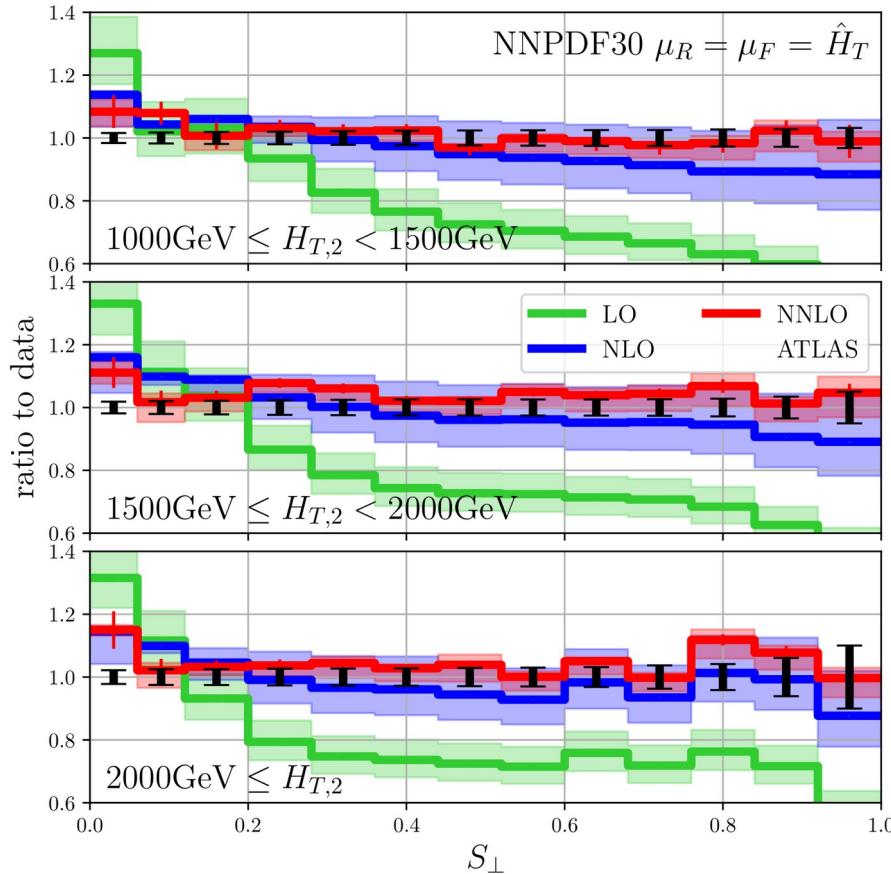


re-arrangement of terms → 4-dim. formulation [Czakon'14, Czakon'19]

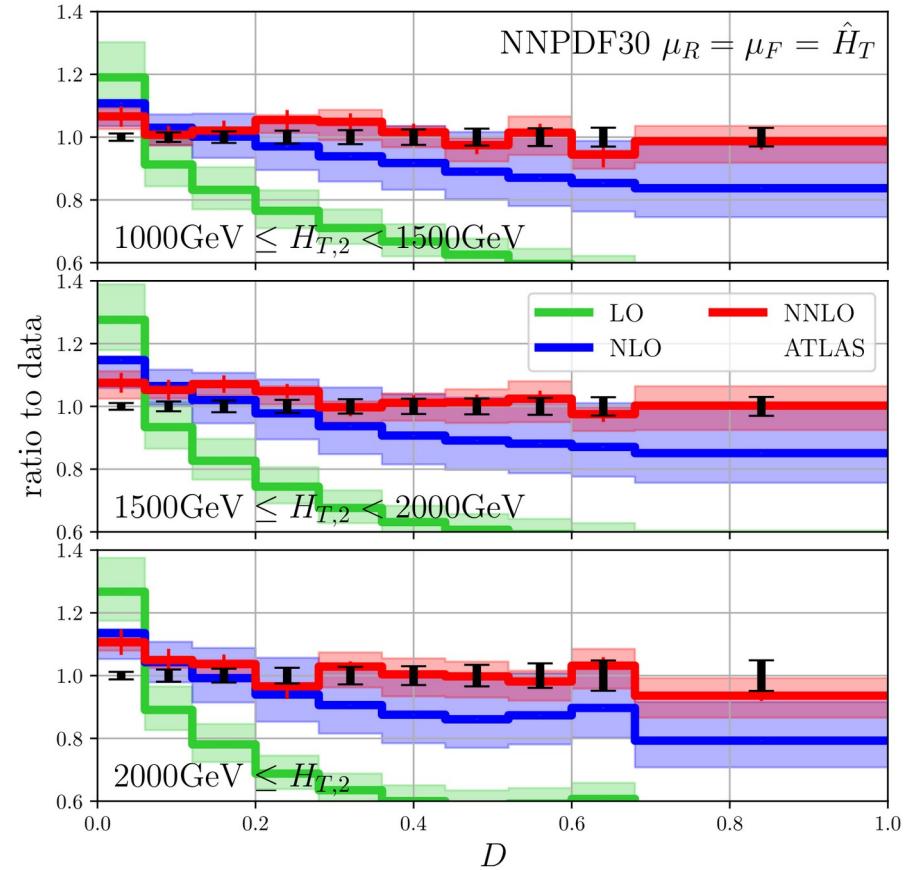
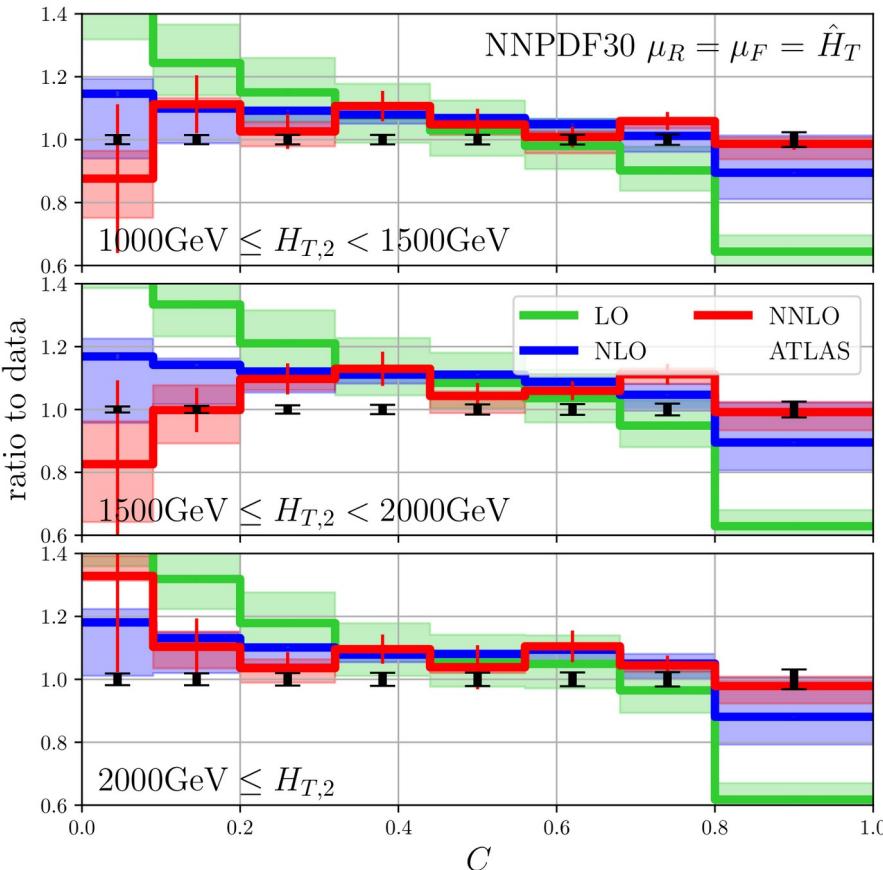
$$\underline{(\sigma_F^{RR})} \quad \underline{(\sigma_F^{RV})} \quad \underline{(\sigma_F^{VV})} \quad \underline{(\sigma_{SU}^{RR}, \sigma_{SU}^{RV}, \sigma_{SU}^{C1})} \quad \underline{(\sigma_{DU}^{RR}, \sigma_{DU}^{RV}, \sigma_{DU}^{VV}, \sigma_{DU}^{C1}, \sigma_{DU}^{C2})} \quad \underline{(\sigma_{FR}^{RV}, \sigma_{FR}^{VV}, \sigma_{FR}^{C2})}$$

separately finite: ϵ poles cancel

More event-shapes I



More event-shapes II



Event shapes as MC tuning tool

